

**ECE160: Foundations of Computer Engineering I**  
**Homework #4 Solution (Spring 2023)**  
**(55 points)**  
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1. Convert the following *while* loop into a *for* loop. And into a *do-while* loop:

```
x=3;
while (x < 17)
{
    printf("%d\n",x);
    x++;
}
```

Solution: (7.5 points each, 15 points in total)

```
/*for loop*/
```

```
for(x = 3; x < 17; x++)
{
    printf("%d\n",x);
}
```

```
/*do...while loop*/
```

```
x =3;
do
{
    printf("%d\n",x);
    x++;
} while(x < 17);
```

2. Evaluate the value of the following expressions: (5 points each, 10 points in total)

$$\text{floor}(3.76*10+0.5)/10+\text{pow}(2.0, 3.0)*\text{ceil}(-2.3) = 3.8-16 = -12.2$$

$$\text{floor}(\text{ceil}(10.7)-\text{fabs}(-2.0))+\text{floor}(-7.0)+\text{sqrt}(16) = 2+4 = 6$$

3. Modify the program in the random number generation example in Lecture #17 (Slide 11) so that the program generates three random numbers in the range 70 ~ 130.

Solution: (10 points)

```
#include "stdlib.h"
#include "stdio.h"
#include "time.h"

void main(void)
```

```

{
    int myrand1;
    int myrand2;
    int myrand3;

    srand(time(NULL));

    myrand1 = rand() % 61 + 70;
    myrand2 = rand() % 61 + 70;
    myrand3 = rand() % 61 + 70;

    printf("The numbers are %d %d %d\n", myrand1, myrand2, myrand3);
}

```

### **Testing:**

```

Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console
The numbers are 111 75 73
C:\Users\lxing\source\repos\l17b\Debug\l17b.exe (process 71128) exited with code 0.
Press any key to close this window . . .

```

4. Write a program that input an integer number  $n$  from the keyboard and print out the series of Fibonacci numbers from  $F_0$  to  $F_n$ . Note  $F_0=0$ ,  $F_1=1$  are base cases. Each number in the rest of the series is the sum of two preceding ones.
- For example, if you input 4 from the keyboard, then 0, 1, 1, 2, 3 (corresponding to  $F_0$ ,  $F_1$ ,  $F_2$ ,  $F_3$ ,  $F_4$ , respectively) should be printed out on the screen; if  $n=6$ , then 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8 should be printed out on the screen.
- You are required to generate each Fibonacci number in a [recursive function](#) defined by you (Refer to Lecture#17 Exercise on Slide 32) and call the function in the main().

### **Solution: (20 points)**

```

#include "stdio.h"

long fib(long n);

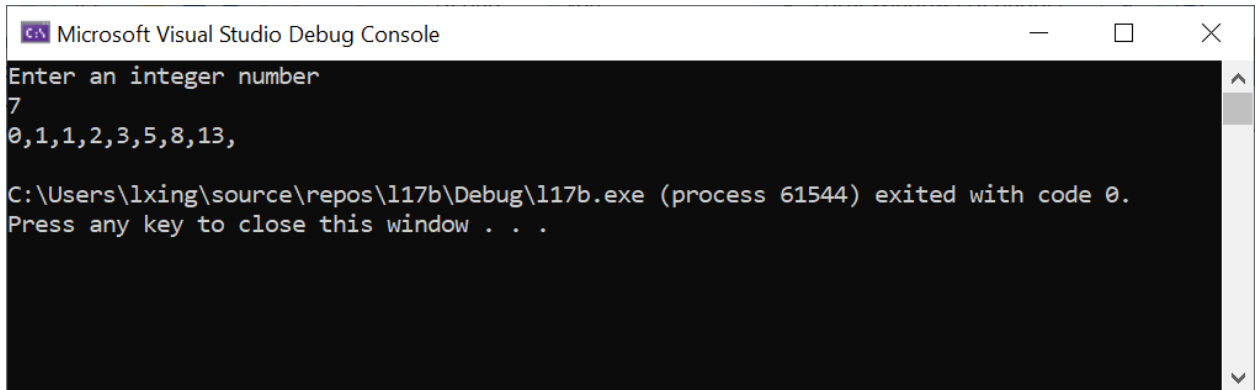
void main(void)
{
    int n;
    long f;
    int i = 0; /*control variable*/
    printf("Enter an integer number \n");
    scanf_s("%d", &n);

    for (i = 0; i <= n; i++)
    {
        f = fib(i);
        printf("%ld, ", f);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

```

```
long fib(long n)
{
    if ((n == 0) || (n == 1))
        return n;
    return(fib(n - 1) + fib(n - 2));
}
```

### **Testing:**



The screenshot shows a window titled "Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console". The console output is as follows:

```
Enter an integer number
7
0,1,1,2,3,5,8,13,

C:\Users\lxing\source\repos\l17b\Debug\l17b.exe (process 61544) exited with code 0.
Press any key to close this window . . .
```