## Solution to Exercises in L\#8

## Solution to Exercise on Slide 15

What is the result of:

- 2/3
- 2.0/3
- 2.0/3.0
$1^{\text {st }}$ one assigned to an int: 0
$2^{\text {nd }}$ one assigned to a float: 0.666667
$3^{\text {rd }}$ one assigned to a float: 0.666667


## Solution to Exercise on Slide 17

- What is the result of $2 / 5$ and $2 \% 5$ ?
- What is the result of $5 / 2$ and $5 \% 2$ ?
$2 / 5$ evaluates to 0
$2 \% 5$ evaluates to 2
$5 / 2$ evaluates to 2
$5 \% 2$ evaluates to 1


## Solution to Exercise on Slide 24

- What is the result of? (Assume int $x=3$ )

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x^{*}=2 ; \rightarrow 6 \\
& x /=4 ; \rightarrow 0 \\
& x \%=4 ; \rightarrow 3 \\
& x+=9 ; \rightarrow 12
\end{aligned}
$$

## Solution to Exercise on Slide 30

What is the output of the printf()?
int b;
$\mathrm{b}=20$;
printf("value of b: \%2dln", b); $\rightarrow 20$
printf("value of b++: \%2dln", b++); $\rightarrow 20$
printf("value of b: \%2dln", b); $\rightarrow 21$

## Solution to Exercise on Slide 36

What is the output of printf()? int b;
b = 20;
printf(" value of b: \%2d\n", b); $\rightarrow 20$ printf("value of ++b: \%2dln", ++b); $\rightarrow 21$ printf("value of b: \%2dln", b); $\rightarrow 21$

## Solution to Exercise on Slide 39

What is the output of the printf()?
int b;
b $=7$;
printf("value of +b: \%dln", +b); $\rightarrow 7$
printf("value of -b: \%2dln", -b); $\rightarrow-7$
printf("value of b: \%2dln", b); $\rightarrow$ 7

## Solution to Review Questions on Slide 40

- What is the output of each printf() statement in the program?

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main(void)
{
    int a=3;
    int b=7;
    float c=6.0;
    printf("%d\n", a/b); >0
    printf("%fln", a/c); >0.500000
    printf("%dln", b/a); >2
    printf("%fln", c/a); ->2.000000
    printf("%dln", a%b+a); ->6
    printf("%fln", a%c); ->compilation error!
    printf("%dln", b%a); >1
    b=a++; ->b=a; a=a+1;
    printf("%dln", b); ->3
    printf("%d\n", a); ->4
    printf("%d\n", a--); >4
}
```

